1. Introduction

Business evolution is the gradual changes that occur in the course of a business over time. The business evolution process can vary depending on the type of business, industry, and corporate strategy. The process of business evolution begins with the conception of a business idea. At this stage, an entrepreneur or group of entrepreneurs identifies business opportunities, determines the business vision and mission, and plans a basic business model. After that, the business can be officially established, and initial plans can be developed. In this stage, businesses are trying to build a customer base and looking for ways to generate revenue. It may require additional resources, such as capital or additional employees. Businesses focus on marketing, sales, and product or service development. As a business grows and develops, it reaches a maturity stage. At this stage, businesses usually have a stable market share and loyal customers. A company's strategy may include expanding into new markets, diversifying products or services, and improving operational efficiency.1-3

Sustainable businesses must continue to innovate and adapt to market and technological changes. Companies may look for opportunities to introduce new products or services, improve operational processes, or keep up with industry trends. Some businesses choose to diversify, that is, expand their product or service portfolio to reduce risk and seek new opportunities. This may include the acquisition of another company, the development of a new product line, or expansion into a different market segment. Over time, the management and ownership structure of a business may change. The original owner may relinquish control, and management may change to reflect the evolving needs of the business. Businesses may consolidate with competitors or collaborate with
other companies to strengthen their position in the market. Businesses may also face an economic recession or industrial crisis. In situations like these, businesses must be able to survive, adapt, and look for opportunities to come out stronger. Growing businesses may seek opportunities for international expansion, opening branches overseas, or running global operations. Some businesses are successfully preserved and passed on to the next generation, while others may be sold or discontinued if they are no longer profitable.4-7

Conception and founding
The business idea conception stage is very important because this is the beginning of the business journey. Identify market opportunities that may be unfulfilled or have good growth potential. Formulate a long-term vision for the business, namely the big picture of the goals and direction to be achieved. Apart from that, determine the business mission, namely the goals and core values that will serve customers and guide them in running the business. Determine how the business will generate revenue, such as through product or service sales, subscription models, advertising, or others. Additionally, consider how the business will meet customer needs and address market problems. Take necessary legal actions to establish a business, such as choosing a legal structure (e.g., company, firm, or sole proprietorship) and officially registering the business in accordance with local regulations. Create a business plan that includes details about strategy, goals, financial projections, and short-term and long-term action plans. Once the business idea conception stage is complete, the entrepreneur will move on to implementing the business plan, gathering the necessary resources, and starting business operations. During the business journey, owners and management will continue to face challenges, changes, and opportunities that influence the evolution of the business. Therefore, effective management, flexibility, and adaptation are essential to achieving long-term success in business.8-10

Early growth
At this stage, the main focus of the business is building a customer base and finding ways to generate revenue. Businesses will focus on marketing strategies to increase brand awareness and attract potential customers. This includes developing advertising, promotion, and marketing communications strategies. Businesses will actively sell products or services to customers. This involves developing a sales team, sales training, and an efficient sales process. Businesses can continually develop their products or services to meet customer needs and keep up with market trends. This could involve improving product quality, additional features, or product line diversification. To support growth, a business may require additional resources, such as capital. This can be obtained through external funding, such as loans or venture capital investments, or from self-generated income. If a business grows, it may need to add additional employees or human resources to manage operations and serve customers well. Building relationships with potential business partners and consumers can help in expanding the customer base and seeking profitable collaboration opportunities. The initial growth stage is a critical period in the business journey. Businesses must achieve sufficient growth to be sustainable and generate profits. It is important to have a good growth plan, manage resources wisely, and always focus on customer satisfaction. Success at this stage can help the business to reach maturity and subsequent stages in business evolution.11,12

Maturity
The maturity stage is the time when a business achieves a stable market share and has loyal customers. At this stage, businesses often face several challenges, including increasing competition and potentially slowing growth. Businesses focus on improving operational efficiency to reduce costs and increase profitability. This may involve process automation, improved supply chain management, or operational restructuring. To achieve additional growth, businesses may consider diversifying their products or services. This may include developing new
products related to the main business or expanding existing product lines. Businesses can look for expansion opportunities into new markets, either geographically (international expansion) or by targeting untapped market segments. Maintaining strong relationships with loyal customers can help maintain existing market share and support business growth. Even though a business is in the maturity stage, innovation is still important. Developing new products or processes can help a business to stay relevant and competitive. Providing superior customer service is key to retaining loyal customers and differentiating yourself from competitors. Businesses must manage risks wisely, including financial, legal, and reputational risks. The maturity stage is the stage where the business must demonstrate flexibility and adaptability to continue to grow and develop, albeit in a more stable context. The strategy implemented at this stage will depend largely on business objectives and changes in the relevant market and industry.\textsuperscript{13,14}

**Changes in management and ownership**

Changes in business management and ownership structures are a natural part of business evolution. As a business expands and grows, it often requires changes in management and ownership to accommodate changing business needs. The original owner of the business may decide to sell the business to a new investor or ownership group. This can happen if the owner wants to cash out his investment or move to another business. Business owners may decide to sell some of their shares to external investors or employees through an employee stock ownership plan (ESOP). This can help in raising additional capital or motivating employees by giving shares in the company. Businesses can change their legal structure, such as switching from a sole proprietorship to a limited liability company (LLC) or vice versa, to meet growing business needs. A business may need managers or leaders who have skills and experience that are more suited to the stage of business development. This could involve replacing the CEO or changes in board members. Businesses may seek partnerships or strategic alliances with other companies to expand market reach, or leverage shared resources. As a business grows, it usually requires developing a strong management team to manage more complex operations. This could involve hiring experienced managers or training existing employees. If the business is a family business, changes in ownership and leadership may occur over time, such as when a younger generation takes over the business from an older generation. These changes must be managed wisely and must be in accordance with the evolving vision and goals of the business. It is important to consider the impact of these changes on business culture, employees, customers, and shareholder relationships. Additionally, businesses need to comply with relevant legal regulations and procedures when undertaking management and ownership changes.\textsuperscript{15,16}

**Recession and crisis**

Businesses can face economic recessions or industrial crises, and their ability to survive and adapt in these situations is critical. Businesses should examine their financial condition carefully, identify potential liquidity pressures, reduce non-essential costs, and consider financial solutions, such as debt restructuring or raising additional capital. Create a crisis response plan that includes concrete steps to deal with emergency situations, including reducing costs, increasing efficiency, and adjusting strategies. Businesses must be flexible and ready to change their strategies according to market changes. This could involve adjusting product lines, target markets, or business models. In a crisis situation, maintaining and improving relationships with existing customers becomes very important. This could include providing better customer service or offering incentives to retain customers. Improving operational efficiency is key to reducing costs and increasing profitability, especially in recessionary situations. Businesses can look for ways to optimize supply chains, manufacturing processes, and logistics. Market changes often present opportunities for innovation. Businesses must look for ways to develop new products or services that suit changing customer needs. There may be opportunities to form partnerships or alliances with other companies that could be mutually beneficial in facing the crisis.
Businesses must manage risk wisely, identify potential risks that may impact their operations, and design risk mitigation plans. Clear and transparent communication with employees, customers, and other stakeholders is critical in crisis situations. This helps maintain trust and explains the steps taken to overcome the crisis. Businesses that can survive and even grow in conditions of recession or industrial crisis often become stronger and more resilient to future uncertainty. The ability to adapt and take decisive action is key in facing economic and industrial challenges.17,18

Continuity and legacy

Some businesses are successfully preserved and passed on to the next generation, while others may be sold or discontinued if they are no longer profitable or relevant. In many cases, successful business owners decide to pass on the business to family members or the next generation. This can be a way to maintain continuity and preserve the legacy of the business. Business owners may decide to sell their business to a third party, whether to an investor, another company, or an interested individual. The sale of a business can result in significant profits. If the business is no longer profitable or does not have a bright future, the owner may decide to cease business operations. This may occur due to changes in the industry, a decrease in demand, or internal problems that cannot be resolved. Businesses may enter into a merger or be acquired by another company as part of a growth or consolidation strategy. In some cases, a business may decide to sell or auction its assets as a last step before ceasing operations. The decision to pass on, sell, or terminate a business is greatly influenced by a variety of factors, including the business's finances, the owner's vision, goals, and market conditions. Additionally, legal and tax factors may also influence this decision. It is important to approach the final stages of business evolution with careful planning and consultation with competent business advisors, accountants, and attorneys.19,20

2. Conclusion

The evolutionary process of a business is the business journey from the conception stage to the final stage in its life cycle. This process includes a number of important stages, including the conception of the business idea, initial growth, maturity stages, adaptation and innovation, changes in management and ownership, facing a recession or crisis, and final decisions such as inheritance, sale, or termination of the business. Throughout evolution, businesses must remain adaptive, flexible, and responsive to market, environmental, and technological changes. The success of a business in the process of evolution depends on its ability to exploit opportunities, overcome challenges, and meet customer needs while ensuring long-term sustainability and growth.

3. References


